



Armory Show artists and members of the press at the beefsteak dinner given by the Association of American Painters and Sculptors, March 8, 1913

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Design by Clanci Jo Conover

Front cover illustration (left to right): Manierre Dawson, *Upper Street*, 1912; Joseph Stella, *Palms*, c. 1940; William Zorach, *The Dream*, 1949; Childe Hassam, *The Pretty Pool, Bass Rocks*, 1919; Jonas Lie, *Frosty Morning*, 1923

Back cover illustration: Marsden Hartley, Landscape No. 24, c. 1909-10

ARTISTS OF THE 1913 ARMORY SHOW

October 12 – December 8, 2023

17 East 67th Street, Suite 1A New York, NY 10065



(212) 535-5767 info@grahamshay.com www.grahamshay.com IG.

LINCOLN GLENN

(914) 315-6475 gallery@lincolnglenn.com www.lincolnglenn.com Lincoln Glenn and Graham Shay 1857 Galleries are honored to present *Artists of the 1913 Armory Show* in honor of the 110th Anniversary of the epoch-making exhibition. This exhibition stands as our inaugural display of collaboration at our 17 East 67th Street gallery.

Lincoln Glenn and Graham Shay 1857 galleries share an unwavering passion for the interplay between the modern and the traditional. Today, we view many of the artists who exhibited at the Armory Show as traditional, but in 1913 these artists were contemporary and offered a profound challenge to the status quo. We draw inspiration from the audacity of those artists and creators who forged new paths.

The threads that connect us to the artists of the 1913 Armory Show and the subsequent generations are not only historical, but deeply personal. By selling and handling works by many of the artists showcased in 1913, we have cultivated an intimate connection with their visions. We feel their ingenuity coursing through the brushstrokes and sculptural forms that grace these walls and pedestals.

This exhibition is more than a retrospective; it is an ode to the relentless spirit of artistic exploration. We proudly present this homage to the 1913 Armory Show in the hope that it can serve as a testament to the enduring power of art to challenge and inspire.

Warmly,

Doug Gold, Eli Sterngass, and Cameron Shay Lincoln Glenn and Graham Shay 1857 Galleries

The Ongoing Story of the Armory Show (1913)

The 1913 Armory Show brought irreversible knowledge of modernist art to the American public.¹ While standing in one of the Show's galleries, the key organizer Arthur Bowen Davies declared: "New York will never be the same again."² Although Alfred Stieglitz had displayed work by Pablo Picasso, Henri Matisse, Auguste Rodin, and American modernists at his gallery 291 before 1913, it was only in the wake of the Armory Show that large numbers of American artists incorporated the new artistic "isms" into their work.³

Officially called the *International Exhibition of Modern Art*, the Show was organized by the American Association of Painters & Sculptors, a group of twenty male artists.⁴ The Show's works were selected by Davies, Walt Kuhn, and Walter Pach, who began with the idea of creating a showcase for young progressive American artists who could not exhibit their work readily elsewhere. However, after a trip to Europe in 1912, in which Davies and Kuhn experienced contemporary European art and met with Pach (an expatriate in Paris), they shifted the exhibition's focus to one featuring the new art of Europe. The exhibition opened in New York City's 69th Regiment Armory (Lexington Avenue between East Twenty-fifth and Twentysixth streets) on February 17, 1913. On view in eighteen octagonal spaces on burlapcovered walls were approximately 1300 works. Almost 300,000 visitors saw the show in one of its three venues—it traveled in smaller iterations to Chicago and Boston. Countless others read the newspaper reviews, either praising the Show's innovations as groundbreaking or condemning its art as "pathological" and "hideous."⁵

Most discussions of the exhibition focused on the most controversial works. Marcel Duchamp's cubist/futurist *Nude Descending the Staircase*, 1912 (Philadelphia Museum of Art) was the most reviled work in the Show by traditionalists; it was famously described as "an explosion in a shingle factory." Other targets included Constantin Brancusi's reductive-symbolist *Mlle Pogany I*, 1912 (Philadelphia Museum of Art)— denounced as a "deformed infant"—and Henri Matisse's Fauvist *Blue Nude*, 1907 (Baltimore Museum of Art)—called "vulgar, distorted, and toadlike." Yet, the Show's organizers did not intend to shock U.S. audiences but instead to educate them about the new developments in the modern art of Europe and to establish the place of American artists within its new vision.

The reactions to the Armory Show also mirrored the nation's zeitgeist as the tensions leading to World War I mounted, and fault lines and anxieties were exposed as the U.S. became increasingly multicultural. Those repelled felt the Show represented a foreign influx that threatened the values of an older America, while those who supported it believed it had revealed new eye-opening ways of experiencing the world. The Armory Show's organizers hoped to establish a historical trajectory for modernist directions in American art.⁶ They did so by featuring works by deceased Americans, including James McNeill Whistler, Theodore Robinson, and John Henry Twachtman. More progressive American examples were by painters including John Marin, Marsden Hartley, Arthur B. Carles, and Oscar Bluemner. The sculptors included Robert Ingersoll Aitken, Charles Cary Rumsey, Bessie Potter Vonnoh, Chester Beach, George Gray Barnard, and Abastenia St. Leger Eberle, who mostly worked in established genres, such as Beaux-Arts classicism, symbolism, and realism.

Two appendices in the catalogue accompanying the 2013 New-York Historical Society's Armory Show centennial exhibition provide checklists of the Show, and discussions, especially by Kimberly Orcutt (who edited it along with Marilyn Satin Kushner), describe its installation.7 Indeed, the work that garnered the most attention was in the "Cubist room" (Gallery I) at the core of the space. Fauvist art was the second to draw notice, mostly to the work of Matisse, represented by thirteen paintings (including not only Blue Nude but also The Red Studio, 1911, Museum of Modern Art), three drawings, and one sculpture. Works by European Impressionists and Post-Impressionists abounded (including sixteen works by Paul Cézanne), signifying the foundation from which later innovations, including Cubism, emerged. American art was at the periphery of the galleries, indicating that Americans were just at the beginning of the modernist journey initiated at its nucleus in Paris. Yet the art in the Show was extremely diverse, not just in its modernist aspects but also, in general, in its styles and subjects (as well as to some extent in its media, including drawings, lithographs, and an embroidery), and some of the work shown that has received less consideration is worth highlighting. This includes the art by approximately forty-five female participants out of the three hundred artists featured 8

An article contributed by Arthur B. Davies to the March 1913 issue of *Arts & Decoration*, which was devoted to the Armory Show, included a chronological chart "Showing the Growth of Modern Art."⁹ The chart was meant to reveal that the modernist work on view (linked to art in the modes of Classicism, Realism, and Romanticism) was not really a break from the art of the past but instead a continuation of its most innovative directions. For Davies, a symbolist painter of vaguely mythological subject matter, the Armory Show was not a nihilist exercise but a logical continuation of "Western" art since the Middle Ages. In that sense, it helped enshrine a linear art-historical canon in which modernism and abstraction were the culmination of an ongoing tradition; this was further touted by Clement Greenberg in the 1960s.¹⁰

The Armory Show helped initiate a dramatic awakening in the United States to powerful new modes of expression with which to face up to the multiplicity, insecurities, and dissension of the twentieth century. It remains one of the most decisive events in American art history, and its many facets are suggested in the works on view in this exhibition.

Lisa N. Peters, PhD

Endnotes

1. The most significant and comprehensive account of the show is Marilyn Satin Kushner and Kimberly Orcutt, editors, *The Armory Show at 100: Modernism and Revolution* (New York: New-York Historical Society, 2013), accompanying an exhibition at the New-York Historical Society in 2013, and consisting of thirty scholarly essays. See also Milton K. Brown, *The Story of the Armory Show* (New York: Joseph H. Hirshhorn Foundation, 1963.

2. Arthur Farwell, "Letter to the Editor," *Sun* (New York), August 30, 1948. Cited in Kimberly Orcutt, "Arthur B. Davies—Hero or Villain?" in Kushner and Orcutt, p. 29.

3. Opened in 1908 and located at 291 Fifth Avenue, the gallery exhibited the work before the Armory Show, of Arthur B. Carles (solo show, 1912), Arthur Dove (solo show, 1912), Marsden Hartley (solo show, 1909), John Marin (solo shows, 1909 and 1913), Abraham Walkowitz (solo show, 1912), Max Weber (solo show, 1911), and Marius de Zayas (solo show, 1909).

4. J. Alden Weir was elected president of the American Association of Painters & Sculptors (AAPS) in 1912. However, he resigned almost immediately on learning that the Association had taken a stand against the National Academy of Design, where Weir was a frequent exhibitor and later president. Davies succeeded him in the presidency; Gutzon Borglum was elected vice president; Kuhn, secretary; and Elmer MacRae treasurer. Borglum quit when the works of conservative sculptors including Daniel Chester French and Frederick MacMonnies were rejected from the Show. After the Show, the AAPS was plagued by dissent and held its final meeting in February 1916 shortly before it was dissolved. See Kimberly Orcutt, "Arthur B. Davies—Hero or Villain?" pp. 29–42; Gail Stavitsky, "Walt Kuhn: Armory Showman," pp. 43–54; Laurette E. McCarthy, "Walter Pach: Agent of Modernism, pp. 55–68; and Susan G. Larkin, "So many thrills, so much excitement": Elmer MacRae's Role in the Armory Show, pp. 69–79.

5. For example, see Kenyon Cox, "Cubists and Futurists are Making Insanity Pay," *New York Times*, March 16, 1913, p. SMI. See Orcutt, "'Public Verdict': Debating Modernism at the Armory Show," in Kushner and Orcutt, pp. 327–39; Judith A Barter, "'The Great Confusion': The Armory Show in Chicago," in *Kushner and Orcutt*, pp. 363–73; and Carol Troyen, "'Unwept, unhonored, and unsung': The Armory Show in Boston," in Kushner and Orcutt, pp. 379–91.

6. See Virginia M. Mecklenburg, "Slouching toward Modernism: American Art at the Armory Show," in Kushner and Orcutt, p. 244.

7. Orcutt, "Arthur B. Davies—Hero or Villain?" pp. 35–36.

8. On the women in the exhibition and related women's organizations of the era, see Charles Musser, "1913: A Feminist Moment in the Arts," in Kushner and Orcutt, pp. 169–79.

9. Orcutt, "Arthur B. Davies—Hero or Villain?" pp. 35–36.

10. See Clement Greenberg, "Modernist Painting," Art and Literature 4 (Spring 1965), p. 193.



Bessie Potter Vonnoh (American, 1872 - 1955)

Italian Mother, 1907 Bronze, green patina Signed and numbered: BPV / No III 5 3/4 H. x 5 1/4 W. x 3 5/8 D. inches Mounted on period marble plinth, overall height (7 ³/₄) inches



James Abbott McNeill Whistler (American, 1834 - 1903) Beach Scene at Dieppe, 1885-86 Watercolor on paper, mounted on board 8 1/2 x 5 inches



Abastenia St. Leger Eberle (American, 1878 - 1942) Little Mother, 1907 Bronze, 12 7/8 H. x 4 1/4 W. x 4 3/8 D. inches Signed "ASt.L. Eberle. 1911" Stamped: S. KLABER & CO. / FOUNDERS, N.Y.



Oscar Bluemner (American, 1867 - 1938)

Sheepshead, Long Island, 1907 Watercolor on paper 6 x 10 inches Signed with the artist's conjoined initials "OB" and dated "4-30 - 5 - 30" / "Aug 3, 07"



Charles Cary Rumsey (American, 1879 - 1922)

Horse and Figure at the Waterhole, circa 1910 Bronze, dark brown patina 6 1/8 H. x 9 1/4 W. x 3 7/8 D. inches Signed: C C Rumsey; Inscribed on base: ROMAN BRONZE WORKS N.Y.



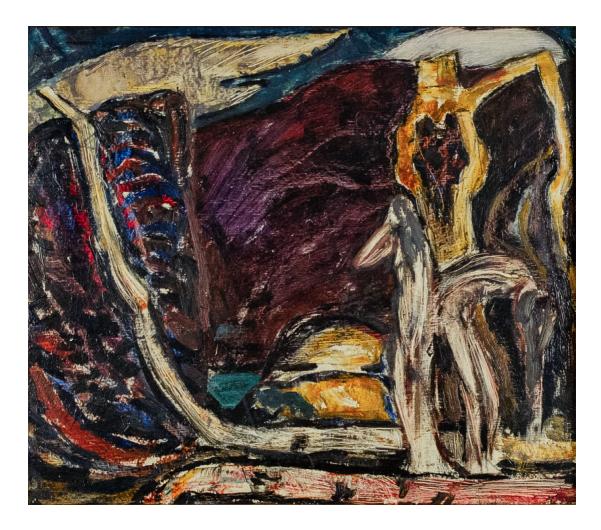
Constantine Brancusi (Romanian/French, 1876 - 1957)

La Sagesse de La Terre, 1908 Gelatin silver print 9 1/4 x 7 inches



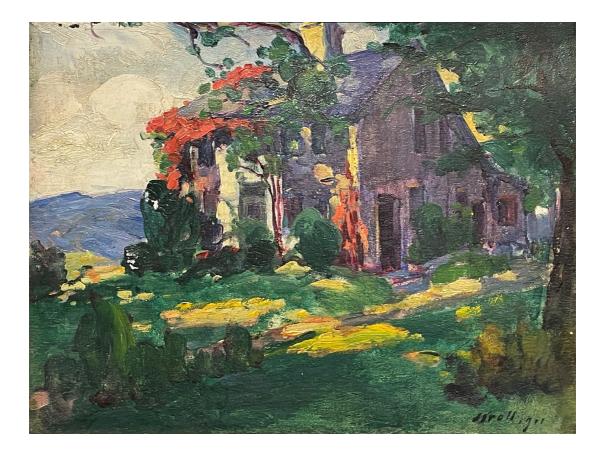
Leon Dabo (American, 1864 - 1960)

Seashore, Dawn, 1909 Oil on canvas 21 x 28 inches Signed lower center



Marsden Hartley (American, 1877 - 1943)

Landscape No. 24, circa 1909-10 Oil on board 12 x 14 inches



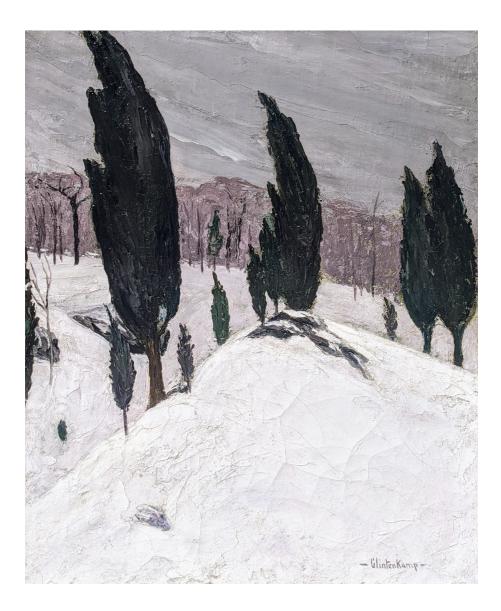
Leon Kroll (American, 1884 - 1974)

Revolutionary Guard House for General Putnam's Army, West Redding, Connecticut, 1911 Oil on panel 8 1/2 x 10 3/4 inches Signed and dated lower right



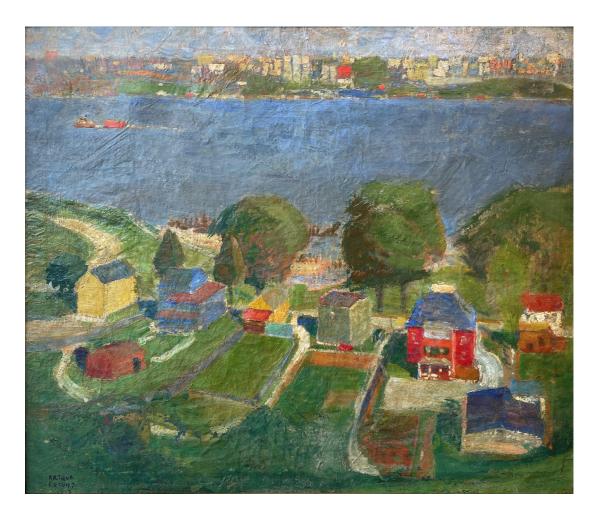
Manierre Dawson (American, 1887 - 1969)

Upper Street, 1912 Oil on board 10 x 15 inches



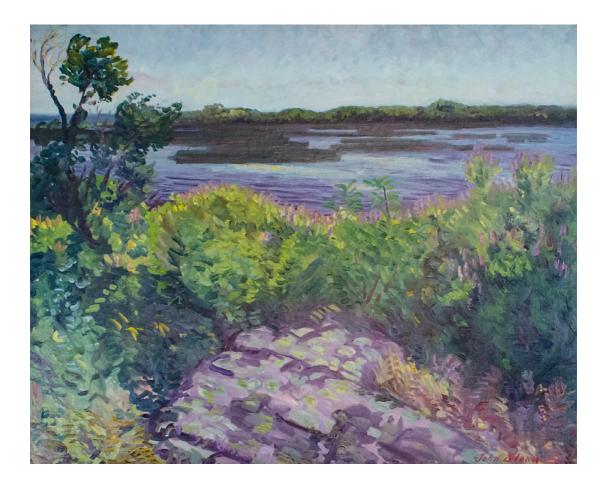
Henry Glintenkamp (American, 1887 - 1946)

Poplars in Winter, 1912 Oil on burlap 32 x 26 inches Signed lower right



Arthur Freund (American, 1890 - 1923)

View of the City Across the River, 1913 Oil on canvas 30 x 36 inches Signed and dated lower left

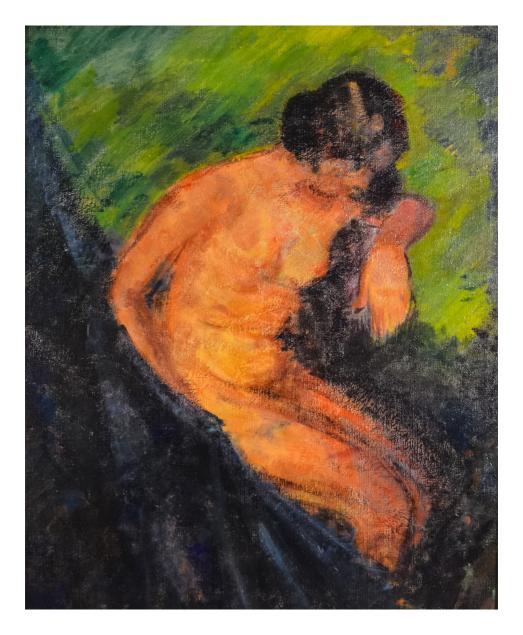


John Sloan (American, 1871 - 1951)

Niles Pond, Gloucester, 1914 Oil on canvas 26 x 32 inches Signed lower right



John Marin (American, 1870 - 1953) Looking out the Window, West Point, Maine, 1914 Watercolor and graphite on paper 19 1/2 x 15 3/4 inches Signed and dated at lower right: Marin 14 // inscribed in Alfred Stieglitz's hand on an original label affixed to the reverse: Looking out the Window, Deer Isle— [sic] / Maine / by John Marin— / 1914

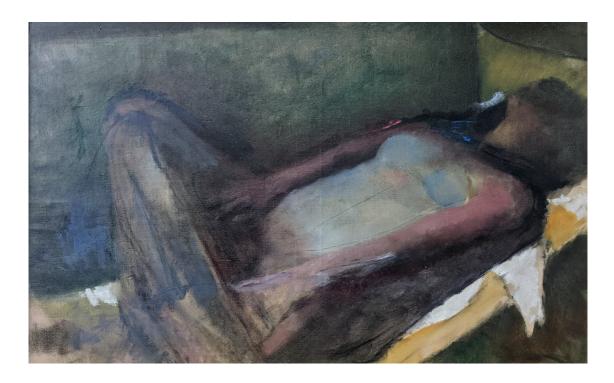


Edith Dimock (American, 1876 - 1955)

Female Nude, circa 1915 Oil on canvas 34 1/2 x 28 1/4 inches Signed lower left



Robert Ingersoll Aitken (American, 1878 - 1949) Brothers-in-Arms, 1920 Bronze, dark brown patina 20 H. x 11 W. x 8 D. inches Signed on base: AITKEN



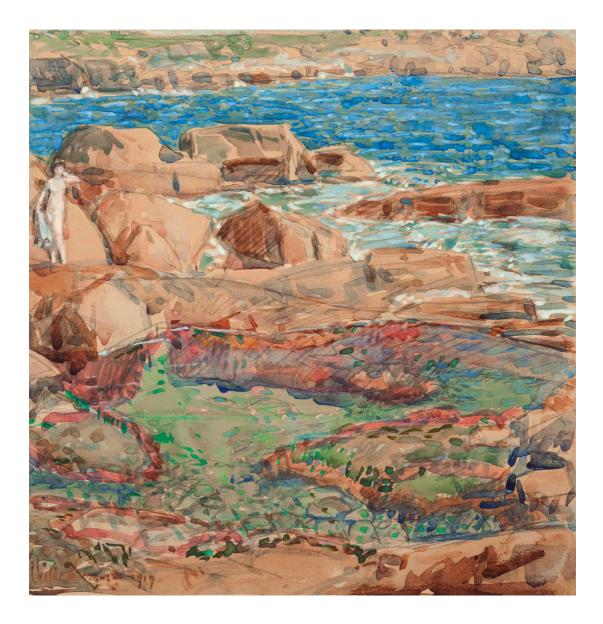
Arthur B. Carles (American, 1882 - 1952)

Reclining Nude, circa 1920 Oil on canvas 32 x 51 inches Inscribed "Mercedes Matter" on the overlap



Cecil de Blaquiere Howard (American, 1888 - 1956)

Meditation, 1920 Bronze, brown patina 20 1/4 H. x 11 1/2 W. x 16 D. inches Signed on base: HOWARD Foundry stamp: cire perdue C. Valsuani (Paris)



Childe Hassam (American, 1859 - 1935)

The Pretty Pool, Bass Rocks, 1919 Watercolor and gouache and pencil on paper Sight: 10 1/4 x 9 7/8 inches Signed and dated lower left



Gaston Lachaise (American, 1882 - 1935)

Sleeping Gull, Modeled 1920-24, cast 2022 Nickel-plated bronze on a two-tiered glass base 4 1/2 H. x 12 W. x 4 D. inches Signed "G. Lachaise c. 1927" under tail feather; Inscribed LACHAISE ESTATE 3/12 MA [Modern Art Foundry]



Mahonri Young (American, 1877 - 1957)

Beach Scene, Port Washington, N.Y., July 16, 1922Mixed Media on Paper12 x 16 inchesSigned, dated, and inscribed at lower left

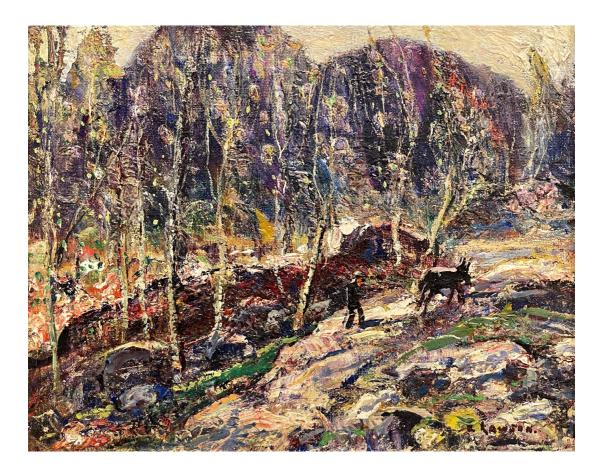


Agnes Pelton (American, 1881 - 1961)

Hayground Windmill, Bridgehampton, circa 1920-22 Oil on canvas 20 x 25 inches

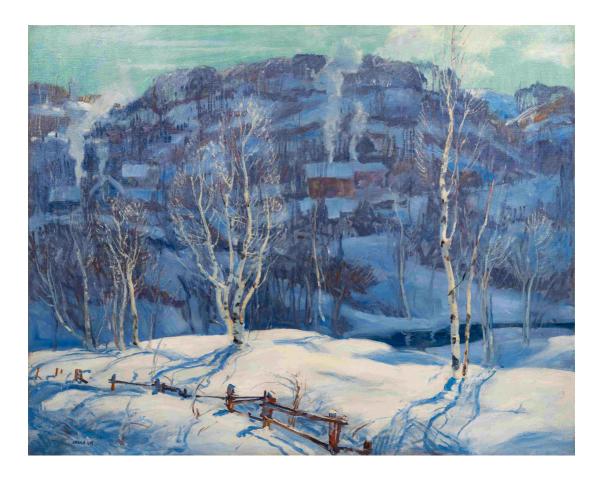


James Earle Fraser (American, 1876 - 1953) Canadian Officer, 1921 Bronze, brown patina 16 5/8 H. x 6 1/8 W. x 4 1/2 D. inches Signed at left vertical edge of base: Fraser © 1921



Ernest Lawson (American, 1873 - 1939)

Mountain Path, Colorado, circa 1927-29 Oil on canvasboard 11 x 14 1/2 inches Signed lower right



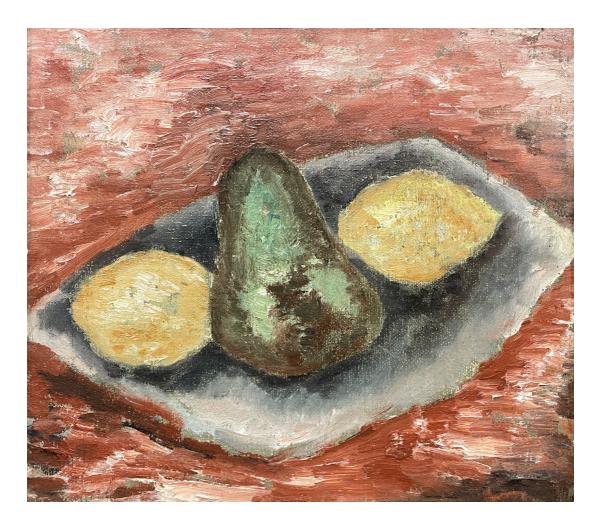
Jonas Lie (American, 1880 - 1940)

Frosty Morning, 1923 Oil on canvas 40 x 50 inches Signed lower left



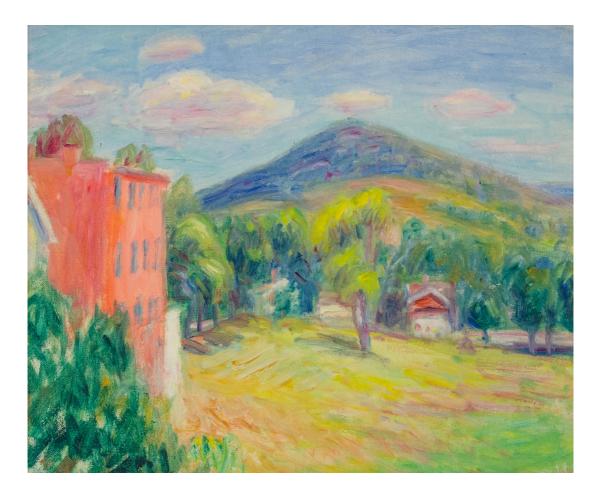
Jonas Lie (American, 1880 - 1940) *In My Garden*, 1923 Oil on canvas

38 x 38 inches Signed lower right



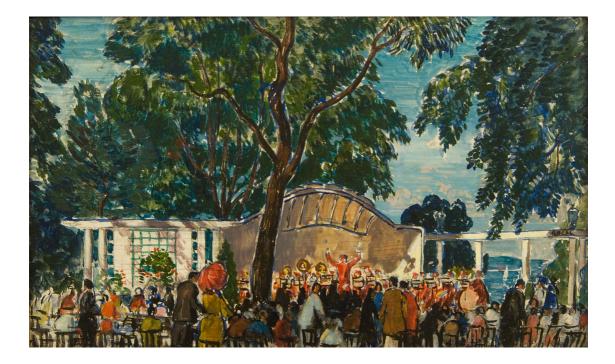
Marsden Hartley (American, 1877 - 1943)

Lemons and Pear, circa 1922-23 Oil on canvas 9 x 10 3/4 inches



William Glackens (American, 1870 - 1939)

Southern French Landscape, circa 1925 Oil on board 11 3/4 x 14 inches



Gifford Beal (American, 1879 - 1956)

Bandstand, Salem, circa 1928 Oil on Masonite 11 1/4 x 20 inches Signed lower right



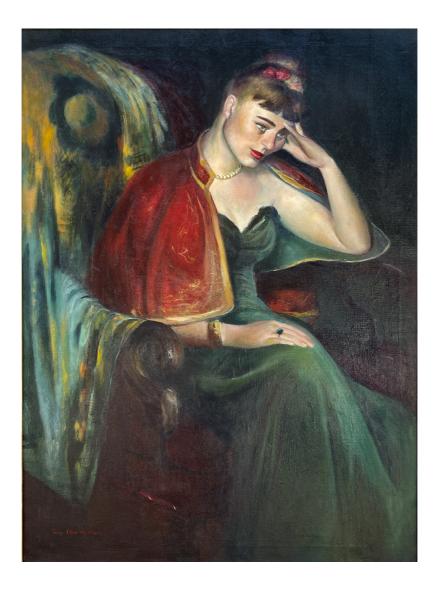
Joseph Stella (Italian/American, 1877 - 1946)

Lemon and Eggplant Still Life, circa 1929 Oil on canvas 10 x 11 inches Signed lower center; signed on the stretcher and reverse and inscribed "Still Life" on the reverse



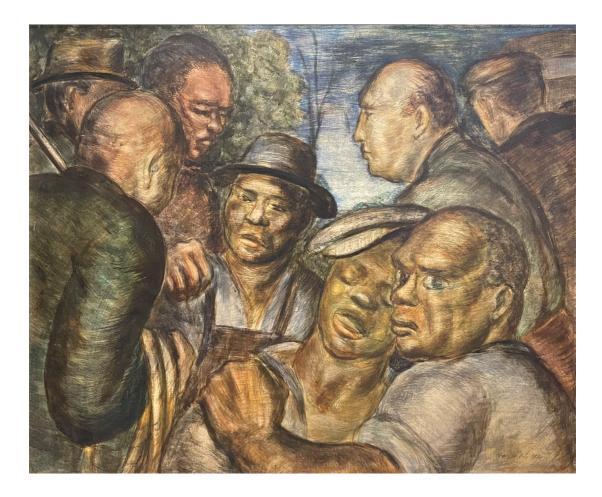
Jerome Myers (American, 1867 - 1930)

Lower East Side, 1930 Oil on canvas 16 x 20 inches Signed lower right; signed, titled, and dated on the reverse



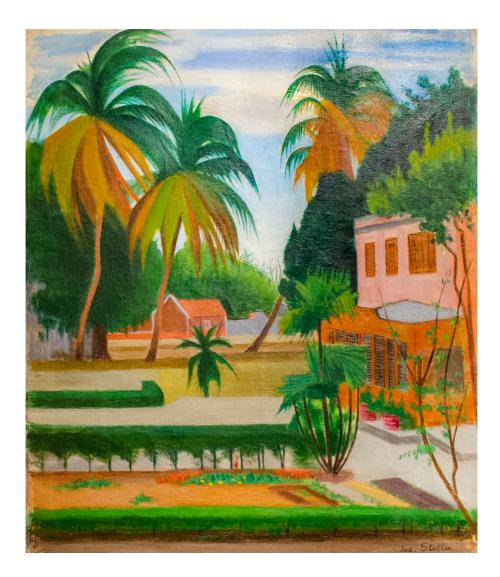
Guy Pène du Bois (American, 1884 - 1958)

Portrait of Yvonne, circa 1935 Oil on canvas 38 x 29 inches Signed lower left: Guy Pène du Bois



Kenneth Hayes Miller (American, 1876 - 1952)

Politicians Oil on board 24 1/2 x 30 inches Signed lower right



Joseph Stella (American, 1877 - 1946) *Palms*, circa 1940 Oil on canvas 29 x 24 inches

Signed lower right; signed and titled on the reverse



William Zorach (American, 1887 - 1966)

The Dream, 1949 Tennessee marble 9 H. x 12 W. x 5 1/4 D. inches Signed front right base: Zorach Signed rear base: Zorach



Paul Burlin (American, 1886 - 1969)

Figure in Disguise, 1963 Oil on canvas 38 x 40 inches Signed and dated lower left



Maurice de Vlaminck (French, 1876-1958)

Barges on the Seine, circa 1908 Oil on canvas 25 1/4 x 34 1/2 inches Signed lower right: Vlaminck

Also included in the exhibition:

Solon H. Borglum (American, 1868-1922)

The Bucking Bronco, circa 1902 Bronze, dark brown patina 13 1/2 H. to top of whip, 13 1/4 W. x 8 3/8 D. inches Signed on base: Solon Borglum / copyright Inscribed on base: ROMAN BRONZE WORKS N.Y. 1902

William Glackens (American, 1870-1939)

Street Fair, circa 1905 Pencil, ink and gouache on paper artists board 10 x 14 inches

Guy Pène du Bois (American, 1884-1958)

Woman in Parlor, 1905 Oil on artists board 7 1/2 x 10 inches Signed lower left: Guy Pène du Bois

Gutzon Borglum (American, 1867-1941)

Sketch, The Mares of Diomedes, 1905 Bronze, brown patina 4 H. x 5 W. x 3 D. inches Signed: Gutzon Borglum

Arthur B. Davies (American, 1862-1928)

Figure Composition, circa 1910 Oil on canvas 6 x 12 inches

George Bellows (American, 1882-1925)

Business-Men's Class, Y.M.C.A, 1916 Lithograph on wove paper 11 1/2 x 17 1/8 inches Signed, numbered "No. 41" and titled lower margin Edition of 64

Ethel Myers (American, 1881-1960)

Florence Reed, 1920, cast later Bronze, 12 inches high Edition 3/8

Bessie Potter Vonnoh (American, 1872-1955)

The Sunbeam, 1920-1921 Bronze, brown patina 11 H. inches, mounted to period marble base Overall height, 14 inches Signed and numbered, No. X, inscribed: R.B.W.

Alexander Archipenko (American, 1887-1964)

Melancholia, 1925 Bronze, 9 3/4 H. x 7 W. x 4 1/2 D. inches Signed: Archipenko. Edition 3/12 F. Cast c. 1965

Robert Henri (American, 1865 - 1929)

Draped Studio Model, 1926 Oil & pencil on paper, 16 x 11 3/4 inches Initialed in pencil lower left; stamped "Robert Henri / Ten Gramercy Park / New York, N.Y. / Han 1926" on the reverse

Wood Gaylor (American, 1883-1957)

Woman in Mirror, 1930 Watercolor on paper Sight size: 14 1/4 x 10 1/4 inches Signed lower right: Wood Gaylor 30

Walt Kuhn (American, 1877-1949)

Reclining Figure, 1935 Pen on paper Sight: 11 x 15 inches Signed and dated lower left

George Bellows (American, 1882-1925)

Untitled (Young Woman with Hooded Cape) Charcoal on paper 13 5/8 x 10 1/2 inches Initialed bottom right: G.B.

Glenn Coleman (American, 1887-1932)

Untitled (City Scene) Oil on canvas 17 x 21 inches Signed lower left: G. O. Coleman

George Luks (American, 1867-1933)

A Gothic Cathedral Black crayon on paper Sight: 8 1/4 x 5 1/2 inches Signed lower right

Guy Pène du Bois (American, 1884-1958) *Portrait of Chester Dale* Oil on canvas 20 x 16 inches

Artist Index

Robert Ingersoll Aitken	
Alexander Archipenko	42
Gifford Beal	33
George Bellows	42
Oscar Bluemner	8
Gutzon Borglum	42
Solon H. Borglum	42
Constantine Brancusi	IO
Paul Burlin	40
Arthur B. Carles	21
Glenn Coleman	
Leon Dabo	II
Arthur B. Davies	42
Manierre Dawson	14
Edith Dimock	19
Abastenia St. Leger Eberle	
James Earle Fraser	27
Arthur Freund	16
Wood Gaylor	42
William Ğlackens	32, 42
Henry Glintenkamp	15
Marsden Hartley	12, 31
Childe Hassam.	23
Robert Henri	
Cecil de Blaquiere Howard	22
Leon Kroll.	13
Walt Kuhn	42
Gaston Lachaise	
Ernest Lawson	28
Jonas Lie	29, 30
George Luks	
John Marin	
Kenneth Hayes Miller	37
Ethel Myers	
Jerome Myers	
Agnes Pelton	
Guy Pène du Bois	36, 42
Charles Cary Rumsey	9
John Sloan	17
Joseph Stella	, 34, 38
Maurice de Vlaminck	4I
Bessie Potter Vonnoh	
James Abbott McNeill Whistler	
Mahonri Young	
William Zorach	39



Installation image of the 1913 Armory Show in New York

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